

Procedure: INCIDENT MANAGEMENT

Environmental and Social	Procedure	Incident Management XX-doc-XX		
Management System Manual	Status: Active	Effective Date: TBD	Version: Draft	



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1. PURPOSE

The purpose of Incident Management Procedure is to:

- Establish a process to investigate work-related injuries, ill health, diseases and incidents and systematically report and respond ES incidents in a timely manner.
- Share lesson learnt to prevent and mitigate possible impacts and incidents from reoccurring.

2. SCOPE

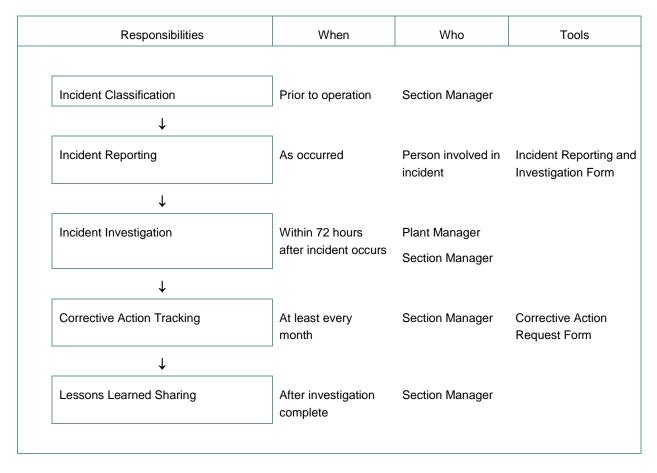
Scope	Definition
Phase	Operation
Activities	 Production operations and business facilities Design and development External providers (i.e. suppliers, service providers and contractors, key business partners) Provision of products and services
Stakeholders being impacted	Employees, communities, contractors/ contract partner

3. **DEFINITIONS**

ES: Environmental, Health & Safety, and Community.

Incident: Any unplanned events resulting in, or having a potential impacts regarding injuries, health, damages on the environment, community or other loss.

4. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES





5. PROCEDURES

5.1. Incident Classification

5.5.1 Classify incidents into four categories: environmental, health and safety, compliance and reputational incidents. There four categories are classified into three severity levels according to Table 1 below.

Table 1: Incident Classification						
Level	Environmental	Health and Safety	Compliance	Reputational	Near-miss	
Level 3 (Significant)	 Aspect results in an uncontained or sustained environmental release, thus requiring continuous remediation. Oil /Chemical spill above 100 Barrel result in a significant claim against the company 	 Fatality, disability and/ or multiple lost time injuries, hospitalization (whether employee, contractor, visitor, sales person, etc.) or where multiple people are hospitalized.; or Asset damage costing greater than 100,000 USD 	 Loss or the suspension of operating permit; or Fine issued by the responsible government authority. 	 Potential significantly impact the company's corporate image or brand (e.g., transportation incident, civil disturbance); or Public protest; or National/ global media attention 	 An event or situation that could have resulted in a significant accident, injury, illness, property loss or environmental impact ("significant" is defined in #3 below) but did not, either by chance or through timely intervention. 	
Level 2 (Serious)	 Aspects (e.g. air emissions or wastewater discharge level) exceeds regulatory standard or condition in operating permit. Oil /Chemical spill less than 100 Barrel 	 Lost time injuries, restricting work ability; or Asset damage costing between 10,000 USD to 100,000 USD. 	 Written warning from government authority; or Request from government authority for EH&S audit or specific sampling. 	 Written ES complaint; or Local media attention 		
Level 1 (Minor)	 Aspects (e.g. air emissions or wastewater discharge level) exceeds internal control standards. Oil / Chemical Spill less than 1 Barrel 	 First aid treatment or medical treatment required but with no lost time; Asset damage costing less than 10,000 USD. 	 Unofficial warning from government authority (e.g. verbal or non- documented). 	 Verbal or non- documented ES related complaint. 		



5.2. Incident Reporting

5.2.1 Record and complete all information pertaining to the incident.

- Who was involved/ impacted in the incident?
- What is the level of incident (i.e. as defined in Table 1)?
- When and where did the incident occur?

5.2.2 Report all incident including near-misses to the Section Managerimmediately. Employees or contractors shall notify immediate supervisor, manager or EHS officer as appropriate.

5.2.3 Verbally report "significant" incidents Group EHS within 24 hours.

	Table 2: Incident Notification							
	Notification Period Primary Informer Secondary Informer Tertiary Informer							
Level 3	Within 12 hours	Section Manager	Group EHS	Commitee				
Level 2	Within 24 hours	Section Manager	Group EHS					
Level 1	Within 72 hours	Section Manager	-	-				

5.2.4 Notify external agencies of incidents as required by regulation.

5.3. Incident Investigation

5.3.1 Verify all incident report and provide comments prior to performing an investigation.

5.3.2 Investigate all incidents at a level of detail that is commensurate with the potential impacts.

5.3.3 Involve relevant personnel in the investigation, including the Section Manager, those whose actions may have contributed to the incident or could have prevented it, witnesses and other personnel deemed appropriate.

5.3.4 Review and approve the incident report/ completed Incident Reporting and Investigation Form.



Table 3: Investigation steps				
Investigation Steps	Level 3 Level 2	Level 1		
Gather information	Required	Required		
Form an investigation team	Team required As appropria			
Develop an incident timeline	Details required	Required		
Prepare an incident report	Required	Required		
Determine root causes	Required	Required		
Establish an action plan (corrective and preventive)	Required	Required		
Review submission of incident report	Required	Required		

5.4. Corrective Action Tracking

5.4.1 Implement the recommended actions to correct unsafe conditions/ acts and to prevent reoccurrence of the incident.

5.4.2 Monitor the progress of corrective/ preventive actions until completion.

5.4.3 Update the management of the implementation progress of corrective/ preventive actions.

5.4.4 Maintain records of all incidents and the status of the corrective/preventive actions.

5.5. Lesson Learnt Sharing

5.5.1 Discuss lessons learned on incidents and near-misses at meetings.

5.5.2 Communicate lesson learned to all employees and contractors through typical means such as bulletins at site, presentations at meetings, emails and intranet system as applicable.

5.5.3 Communicate key findings and completed actions across EGCO facilities for Level 3 incident.



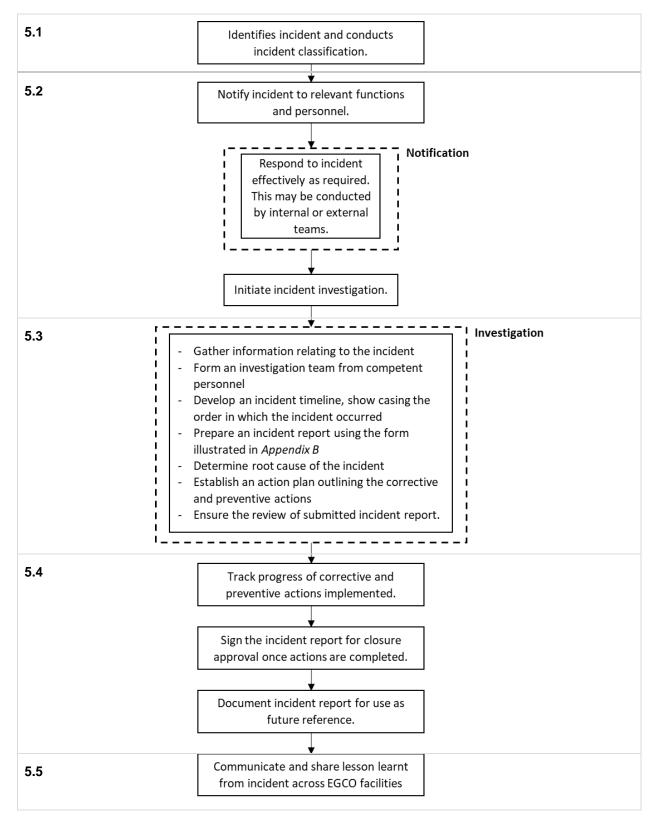
6. REFERENCES

- Non-Conformity Handling ProcedureStakeholder Engagement Procedure

7. APPENDIX



7.1. Appendix: Simplified Work Instruction Flow Chart



7.2. Appendix: Incident Reporting & Investigation Form

Incident Reporting Template					
Name of Person Affect:	Employee		Contractor		
Description of Incident: (Location, Date of Incident, Investigation Date)					
Classification of Incident:					
Environmental					
Impact of aspect to the envi	ronment:				
Uncontained or sustained released	Exceedance of regulatory standards	Exceedance control	ce of internal	Othe	er/ Details:
Aspect:					
□ Air Quality	Water Quality	□ Noise		□ Vibr	ation
Greenhouse gases emission	Terrestrial ecosystems	□ Aquatic ecosystems □ Land use chang			d use change
Other/Details:					
Health and Safety		[1	
□ Fatality	□ Major disability	□ Lost-injury	time days	□ Res [.] ability	tricting working
First aid/ medical treatment required	□ No work time loss		aged		with
Other/Details: (Name, Age, Employee Number, Injured Area, Detail of Injury, Treatment Paid)					
Compliance issue					
Lost of operating permit	 Suspension of operating permit 	□ Fine issue	d	□ Writ	ten warning
Received request from government	Received a verbal warning from government				
Details of incident:					



Details of incident:							
Details of incident.							
Reputational							
Complaint	Media Attention	□ Protest	□ Branding				
Other/Details:							
Details of incident:							
Details of incident:							
□ Near-miss							
Details:							
Details of incident:							
Additional evidence attache	d: (e.g. workbook logs, photo	graphs, etc.)					
Incident Investigation							
A. Initial Cause (Unsafe of	pperations)						
Operating without assigned responsibilities	□ Absence of warning	 Absence of control measures 	 Inappropriate speed used 				
Modified machinery	Removed machine	Inappropriate use of	Inappropriate use				
hence affecting usability	safety guards	tools	transfer/ transport method				
 Inappropriate use of PPE 	Inappropriate storage method	Inappropriate lifting method used	Inappropriate working ergonomics				



 Lack of precaution while working with operating machinery 	Use of alcohol or substances during work	Lack of communication	Others			
Details of unsafe operations:						
B. Initial Cause (Unsafe e	environment)					
Lack of control over machinery	 Inappropriate use of PPE 	□ Faulty machinery used	Restricting/ confined working space			
 Absence of warning signals 	 Hazards from fire or explosion 	Lack of order and tidiness in workplace	 Environmental hazards such as gas, dust, smoke, fumes etc. 			
Exceedance of recommended noise level	Hazard from radioactive substance	Hazard from heat/ refrigerant	 Inappropriate illumination at workplace 			
Lack of ventilation Others						
Details of unsafe working er	nvironment:					
C. Root Cause (Personal	Factors)					
□ Lack of knowledge	Lack of competency/ technicality	□ Tiredness/ fatigue	Pressure on physical body			
Pressure on mentality	□ Lack of motivation	□ Others				
Details of root cause:						
D. Root Cause (Work-related Factors)						
Lack of leadership	Lack of efficient design	Lack of appropriate procurement	□ Lack of maintenance			
Lack of tools, materials and equipment	Lack of working standard	□ Use of faulty equipment	□ Others			



Details of root cause:								
E. (E. Corrective Action							
No.	Corrective/ Preventive	e Action		Responsible Pe	rson	Date		
Inves	tigator Signage:							
1		2	3		4			
()	()	()	()		
Posi	tion:	Position:	Position:		Posit	ion:		
Date	:	Date:	Date:		Date			
Appro	oval Closure Signage:							
1		2	3		4			
()	()	()	()		
Posi		Position:	Position:		Posit	ion:		
Date	c.	Date:	Date:		Date	:		

Guidance

Gather information:

- Assign responsible person to gather information whereby the responsible person shall:
 - Do not initiate any investigation until medical treatment has been given to impacted personnel or the abnormal situation is under control.
 - Once the incident is secured and/ or under controlled, the impacted area should be roped and taped off to avoid irrelevant person from entering.



- Interview and collaborate with witnesses or persons involved in the incident in order to gather related observations and information. Sources of information may include interviews, review of record and footage, analysis of the area/ machineries and samples, etc.
- Capture photographs of the incident area to document in incident report.

Form an investigation team:

- Form an investigation team based on the incident classification and severity of the incident. The size of the team is not fixed as it is dependent on the complexity of each incident. However, it should be ensured that personnel selected to form the team:
 - Adds value to the investigation process;
 - Competent and knowledgeable in the area of the incident (e.g. a specialists or subject matter expert); and
 - Able to identify and determine root causes.

Develop an incident timeline:

- Establish an incident timeline (in chronological sequence). Depending on the level of incident, details included in the sequence time. It should be ensured that the incident timeline:
 - o Begins with the point where operations where at an normal state;
 - Covers all knowledge and event occurring during the incident. Information can be complied from the "Gather Information" stage.

Prepare incident report:

- Prepare the incident report. Information required in the report includes, but not limited to:
 - General information regarding the incident (date, time, location, classification of incident, name of witness/ person involved, immediate response taken).
 - o Name of applicable regulation or permit violated.
 - Specific explanation regarding the incident.
 - Initial response conducted.
 - Supporting information (e.g. incident timeline and photos).
- Ensure responsible person is assigned to be accountable for confirming the completion and accuracy of incident record.

Determine root cause:

- Adopt investigation tools and methods, such as, 5-Why's, Fault Tree Analysis or Fishbone diagram to
 determine the underlying or systematic causes of the incident. Examples of consideration point
 includes, but not limited to:
 - Failure in defence system;
 - Personnel involved in the occurrence of incident (e.g. operators or maintenance personnel);
 - Influential factors which may have affected the performance of personnel, equipment and/ or system (e.g. fatigue, pressure, miscommunication, weathering, gas or chemicals, procedure and management systems etc.);

Establish an action plan:

- Identify corrective and preventive actions to address and prevent reoccurrence of the identified causes. Information from the root cause determination process should be used as source of input.
- Ensure that actions recommended are **SMART** recommendations such that it is specific, measurable, accountable, relevant and has an assigned timeframe.



Review incident report and completion of actions:

- Review the completeness of the incident report. This should be conducted by the EH&S officer.
- Submit the reviewed incident report to EH&S Site leader, Regional EH&S and Group EH&S respectively for acknowledgement.
- Document incident report in a system such that the report can easily be found and used as reference when required.